Main Street Corridor Project Fact Sheet Prepared by Hopkinton Select Board November 5, 2019

Project Concerns/Questions	Project Facts
This project will not improve traffic in downtown Hopkinton.	 Realigned 85/135 Intersection to almost 100 percent straight Queue lengths and delay will improve at intersection. Complete Accessibility Throughout Project Limits Separated Bike Lane New pavement Complete New Drainage System New Traffic Signals Significant Aesthetic Improvements; Undergrounding Utilities, Increased Green Space, Period Lighting, Streetscape Improvements (benches, trash receptacles, bike racks) Improving The Safety And Efficiency Of The Corridor For All Users (Pedestrian, Bicycle, Motorists). The design could have included additional lanes at the 85/135 intersection, but on-street parking spaces would have been lost. Because our businesses need parking, retaining as much on-street as possible was prioritized over level of service improvements that the additional lanes would have provided.
Project is a waste of money. All the funds should go towards school projects.	The latest construction cost for the Project is \$15M+. The residents of Hopkinton are responsible for \$3M. The \$3M Town portion is for the undergrounding of utilities and other non-eligible items (ornamental lights, design, appraisal services, special treatments, etc). Should the Town obtain additional grants the residents would be responsible for less than \$3M. If the project is cancelled the funds will not be available for schools. School funding must be a separate town meeting article.
Save money by just paving Main Street and fixing the sidewalks.	The cost to simply mill and overlay Main Street (i.e. repave) and repair the sidewalks will likely cost more than \$3M and would not correct drainage issues, improve pedestrian safety, or include landscaping or aesthetic enhancements. An estimate is currently being developed for an estimated cost of such a project. It was not completed at the time this update was being prepared. The intersection will not be straightened.

Town Common is being reduced by up to 7,000sf.	There is no loss of any Town Common space.
Bike Lanes should not be part of the Project	Bike accommodations are required to be included in the Project or the (\$8M+) State/Federal Funding will not be available. In addition, taking bicycles out of the stream of car & truck traffic and putting them in a separated lane improves safety for both bicycles and vehicles. The separated two-way bike lane provides an important extension of the Center Trail through the downtown and then toward Hopkinton State Park and Ashland. It is part of the regional Upper Charles Trail, which will connect Sherborn, Holliston, Milford, Hopkinton, Ashland and Framingham. Milford and Holliston have completed their portions. Without this connection through the downtown, there will always be a gap between the Center Trail (future Upper Charles Trail) and the easterly portion of the Upper Charles Trail, which is preliminarily designed to extend out behind Center School, heading east.
Town did not notify property owners included in the Warrant for the May 2018 Annual Town Meeting under Article 47.	The 2018 Annual Town Meeting warrant was posted as required by local and state law and was available online in advance of Town Meeting. Proposed Annual Town Meeting motions were also available in advance of Town Meeting. The warrant included the article in question (#47) along with all the parcel numbers. Additionally, most of the property owners included in the project area were sent letters in November 2012 notifying them temporary and/or permanent easements were being proposed on the property.
Town is taking property with easements.	An easement is access. Property is not being "taken" with Temporary or permanent easements. Temporary easements will only be used by the contractor while work is being completed in front of that property. Temporary easements go away when the project is done. Permanent right of way easements are required if the proposed project impedes onto private property and will require permanent public access after the Project is completed. The property under the permanent easement is still private property it is not being taken. Property owners will be compensated for every easement granted. There are approximately 87 temporary easements and 57 permanent easements. All easements will be professionally appraised and the owners compensated at

	market value. Moving the utility poles behind the sidewalk prompted the need for the majority of the permanent easements. The permanent easements in these cases are for the wires overhead. The remainder are in relation to 4 Main Street businesses in the downtown across from Town Hall.
Access to driveways and businesses will be blocked.	Access will be maintained. There may be occasional delays as with any roadway construction project.
On street parking is being lost. Some of the existing stone walls will be lost.	Overall, the project is increasing the number of spaces and they will all meet current design and safety standards. Some on street parking in certain areas is regrettably being lost (in front of Muffin House). All effort is being made to provide new parking in close vicinity to these areas (in this case new parking on Main Street in front of Hopkinton Drug). In 2019, annual town meeting voted to develop a public parking lot on property adjacent to the Muffin House and purchased another property on Walcott Street to develop Town Hall parking. No stone walls will be lost. Some existing walls would be
Some of the existing stone wans will be lost.	moved in accordance with special historic preservation specifications. Stone wall relocation within the Historic District has been approved by the Historic District Commission.
Two-way bike lanes are unsafe and uncommon.	Two-way bike lanes along roadways are indeed uncommon in the United States, but they do exist - and they are a fairly new concept. This two-way bike lane is an extension of the two-way Center Trail, and will become part of the two-way Upper Charles Trail. People who use bike paths are used to two-way bicycle traffic - the only difference here is that the two-way bike path is along the road. The two-way bike path would be separated from the roadway by elevation (it is higher up than the road) and by a vertical curb. It is not anticipated that a two-way bike lane here would be any more unsafe than the two-way Upper Charles Trail in Milford, for example. Bike lanes are a requirement to receive State and Federal funding (\$8M+) for this project.